

COMPANY SNAPSHOT

08/19/2010 Last Closing Stock Price as of 08/18/2010: \$4.50

Sandridge Energy Inc (SD)

Dangerous Risk/Reward Rating

- SD has an Overall Risk/Reward Rating of Dangerous because the stock offers more downside risk than upside potential.
- Figure 1 summarizes the five factors that drive our Overall Risk/Reward Rating for SD. Each factor offers insights into the profitability and valuation of SD.
- Neutral EP means that economic EPS are negative but moving in the same direction as GAAP EPS.
- The biggest adjustment that lowers economic EPS and is not captured in Reported EPS is Reported Net Assets.
- The combination of Neutral economic EPS with a rich stock valuation drives a Risk/Reward Rating of Dangerous for SD.
- Our Risk/Reward Rating system identifies disconnects between the market's expectations for future cash flows and current cash flows.
- This report provides a detailed explanation of each diagnostic criterion and each rating for SD. Appendix 1 offers an explanation of how our Risk/Reward Rating system works.

Overall Risk/Reward	Quality of	Earnings		Valuation	uation		
Rating	Economic vs Reported EPS	Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)	FCF Yield	Price-to-EBV Ratio	Growth Appreciation Period (yrs)		
Very Dangerous	Misleading Trend	Bottom Quintile	<-5%	> 3.5 or -1 > 0	> 50		
Dangerous	False Positive	4th Quintile	-5%<-1%	2.4 > 3.5 or < -1	20 > 50		
Neutral	Neutral EP	3rd Quintile	-1%<3%	1.6 > 2.4	10 > 20		
Attractive	Positive EP	2nd Quintile	3%<10%	1.1 > 1.6	3 > 10		
Very Attractive	Rising EP	Top Quintile	>10%	0 > 1.1	0 > 3		
Actual Values	(\$2.28) vs. (\$10.20	1.6%	(26.3%)	(0.63)	15 years		
S&P 500	\$0.12 vs. \$2.48	13%	0.2%	1.5	20 years		
Russell 1000	\$0.12 vs. \$2.36	13%	0.1%	1.6	23 years		

Figure 1: New Constructs' Risk/Reward Rating

Company Snapshot

This report presents a concise review of our DCF valuation and economic profitability analysis from our MaxVal model.

Contributors

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Go to www.newconstructs.com to access more of our research on individual companies and our macro reports, including the Most Attractive and Dangerous Stocks monthly reports.

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Important Disclosure Information is contained on the last (two) page(s) of this report. The recipient of this report is directed to read these disclosures.

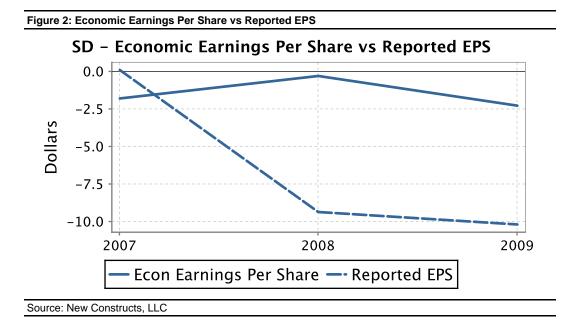
Economic vs Reported Earnings

Why Economic Earnings Matter

Economic earnings are almost always meaningfully different than GAAP earnings. We believe economic earnings provide a truer measure of profitability and shareholder value creation than offered by GAAP earnings. Investors should beware investing in companies that report profits meaningfully different than their economic profits.

Figure 2 highlights the differences between the reported and economic earnings for SD. Note the Neutral EP score is caused by the company reporting negative GAAP profits and generating negative economic profits.

During the last Fiscal Year, the biggest driver of the difference between reported and economic EPS is Reported Net Assets.

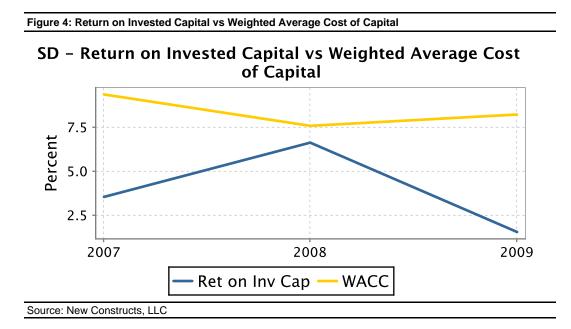


Economic earnings and return on capital metrics are significantly more accurate when as-reported financial statements have been adjusted to reverse accounting distortions. The majority of the data required to reverse accounting distortions is available only in the Notes to the Financial Statements, which we analyze rigorously. Our core competency is gathering and analyzing all relevant financial data (from Financial Statements and the Notes) so that we can deliver earnings analyses that best represent the true profitability of businesses. See Figure 3 for a list of the adjustments we make to a company's reported GAAP profits in order to reverse accounting distortions and arrive at a better measure of a firm's profits.

Figure 3: Accounting Issues that Distort GAAP - Employee Stock Options - Off-Balance-Sheet Financing - Pension Over/Under Funding - LIFO Reserve - Excess Cash - Unrealized Gains/Losses - Restructuring charges - Goodwill Amortization - Pooling Goodwill - Unconsolidated Subsidiaries - Minority Interests - Capitalized Expenses

New Constructs rectifies accounting distortions in GAAP financial statements.

Figure 4 compares SD's Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) to its Weighted-Average Cost of Capital (WACC). This company's ROIC during its last fiscal year ranks in the Bottom Quintile.



How We Measure Economic Earnings

The metrics we use to measure the economic performance of companies are Economic Profit Margin and Economic Earnings. The Economic Profit Margin for a company equals its Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) minus its Weighted-Average Cost of Capital (WACC). The Economic Earnings of a company equal its Economic Profit Margin multiplied by its Invested Capital. Economic Earnings per Share equal Economic Earnings divided by Basic Shares Outstanding. ROIC equals Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT) divided by Invested Capital.

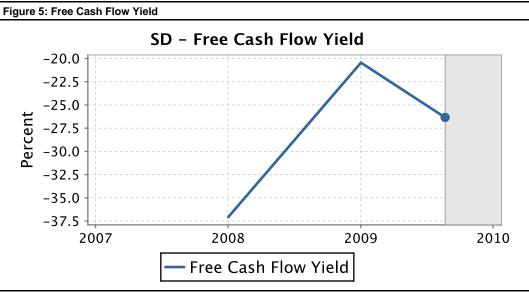
We believe our measures of economic performance are substantially more accurate than accounting metrics because we make adjustments for all the issues listed in Figure 3.

Appendix 3 provides a line item by line item reconciliation of Net Income to Economic Earnings.

Free Cash Flow Yield

Rigorous back-testing shows that stocks with a Free Cash Flow Yield of at least 10% significantly out-performed both the S&P 500 and a survivor-bias-adjusted index. For more detail on Free Cash Flow Yield and our backtesting, see our report "Cash Is King," which was published November 30th, 2004.

Using Free-Cash-Flow Yields to pick stocks is not a new strategy. However, our strategy yields superior results because we use a better measure of Free Cash Flow (FCF), in our opinion. In the same way our economic EPS are better measures of profitability than reported EPS, our measure of FCF is better than traditional accounting-based FCF. We measure Free Cash Flow by subtracting the change in Invested Capital from NOPAT.



Source: New Constructs, LLC. Note: Dot on the line(s) in the chart marks the current value(s).

Figure 5 shows SD's FCF Yield over the past several years. SD's current FCF Yield is (26.3%).

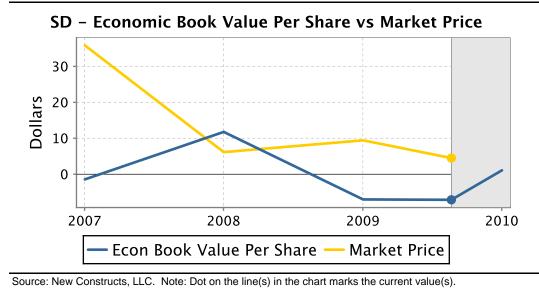
Free Cash Flow Yield equals unlevered FCF divided by enterprise value. The level of FCF does not always reflect the health of a business or its prospects. For example, a large amount of FCF can be a sign that a company has limited investment opportunities and, hence, limited growth prospects. On the other hand, negative FCF can be an attractive indication that a company has more investment opportunities than it can fund with cash from operations. Zero FCF could mean that the company generates just enough cash to internally fund its growth opportunities.

Price-to-EBV Per Share

Figure 6 shows the differences between the stock market price and Economic Book Value (EBV) per share of SD. These differences reflect the portion of the stock price that is entirely dependent on future cash flow growth.

When stock prices are much higher than EBVs, the market predicts the economic profitability (as distinct from accounting profitability) of the company will meaningfully increase. When stock prices are much lower than EBVs, the market predicts the economic profitability of the company will meaningfully decrease. If the stock price equals the EBV, the market predicts the company's economic profitability will not change.

Figure 6: Economic Book Value Per Share vs Market Price



EBV measures the no-growth value of the company based on the current economic cash flows generated by the business. It is also known as the "pre-strategy value" of the company because it ignores the value attributable to future cash flows, which are, in theory, what business strategies should aim to improve.

The Formula for EBV is: (NOPAT / WACC) + Excess Cash + Unconsolidated Subsidiary Assets + Net Assets from Discontinued Operations - Debt (incl. Operating Leases) -Value of Outstanding Stock Options - Preferred Capital - Minority Interests. EBV per share equals EBV divided by shares outstanding.

The lower the stock price is versus EBV, the lower the potential risk of investing in the stock.

The higher the stock price is versus EBV, the greater the potential risk of investing in the stock. Stock prices reflect the market's expectations for the present value of future cash promised to the owner. **Quantifying Market Expectations**

We believe this stock has a Dangerous Risk/Reward Rating because there is a relatively large difference between the expected financial performance implied by its market price and the company's historical performance.

Figure 7 compares the future performance required to justify the company's stock market price to its historical performance. Specifically, Figure 7 shows: to justify the current stock price of \$4.50, SD must grow revenues at 15.2% and maintain a (2.9%) Economic Profit Margin for 15 years.

Figure 7: Future Performance Required to Justify Valuation

Performance Hurdles	Histo	orical Perform	Furture Performance		
	5 Yr	3Yr	Last FY	Default based on current price	
Stock Price	-	\$35.86	\$9.43	\$4.50	
1. Revenue CAGR	-	(6.6%)	(50.0%)	15.2%	
2. Avg Economic Profit Margin	-	(4.5%)	(6.7%)	(2.9%)	
3. Growth Appreciation Period	-	-	-	15 years	

Source: New Constructs, LLC

Note: The Default Scenario is Based on the forecast set by the New Constructs analytical team, this scenario represents a likely financial performance path the company may follow to justify the current market price. Subscribers to our services may create alternate forecast scenarios based on their own estimates.

Historically, SD has generated a Revenue CAGR of -, (6.6%), and (50.0%) and Economic Profit Margins of -, (4.5%), and (6.7%) over the past 5, 3 and 1 year(s).

The market expects SD to achieve a Revenue CAGR of 15.2% and Economic Profit Margins of (2.9%) for 15 years.

GAP measures the number of years implied by the stock price over which the company must maintain an edge over its current and future competitors. Specifically, GAP measures the number of years a company will earn returns on invested capital greater than its cost of capital on new investments. The law of competition dictates that a company can only grow its economic profits for the finite period over which it can maintain a competitive advantage.

The Market-implied GAP of the S&P 500 is 20 years. For the Russell 1000, it is 23 years. SD has a GAP of 15 years, which is less than the indices. Based on this criterion, SD has a greater chance of seeing price appreciation versus the indices.

However, our Overall Rating is Dangerous. Other criteria (per pages above) in our rating system do not indicate SD is an Attractive investment.

GAP analysis comes from our dynamic discounted cash flow model, a multi-stage DCF model that values companies across multiple forecast horizons. Each forecast horizon (i.e., Growth AppreciationPeriod - GAP), assumes the company cannot grow profits beyond the GAP period. Our model exclusively uses no-growth terminal value assumptions for calculating the value of the stock for each GAP.

The forecast drivers for our DCF model are: (1) Revenue Growth; (2) NOPBT Margin, (i.e. EBIT Margin with Adjustments*), (3) Cash Tax Rate, (4) Incremental Net Working and Fixed Capital needs. See Appendix 8 for the forecasts that drive our DCF model for this company.

Comparing the required future performance to historical performance positions investors to asses the feasibility of market expectations and valuations.

See Appendix 8 for the specific estimates used in this company's valuation model.

Appendix 2 details each Adjustment made to this company's reported financial results. Our MaxVal models value stocks based on the present value of expected free cash flows, with that free cash flow measured according to our economic (as distinct from conventional accounting) methodology. MaxVal subscribers forecast economic free cash flow by assigning estimates to three value drivers:

1. Revenue Growth

Compounded over the indicated time frame.

2. Economic Profit Margin

The Return On Invested Capital minus the weighted-average cost of capital.

3. Growth Appreciation Period

Number of years the company can earn a positive Economic Profit Margin on incremental investments, i.e. the number of years it can create economic value.

An alternative way to conceptualize the three value drivers is:

- 1. "How fast will the company grow?"
- 2. "How profitable will the company be?"
- 3. "For how many years will the company grow economic profits or create incremental value?"

Appendix 1: Explanation of New Constructs' Stock Ratings Scale

Our Risk/Reward Rating (Figure 1) system grades every stock under our coverage according to what we believe are the 5 most important criteria for assessing the risk versus reward of a stock. Each grade reflects the balance of potential risk and reward of buying that stock. Our Risk/Reward analysis results in the 5 ratings described below. Most Attractive corresponds to a "Buy" rating, Most Dangerous corresponds to a "Sell" rating, and everything in-between corresponds to a "Hold" rating.

Overall Risk/Reward Rating

The Overall Risk/Reward Rating provides a final rating based on the equal-weighted average rating of each criterion.

Very Dangerous	All criteria are equal-weighted in the average calculation except 2yr FCF Yield is excluded.
Dangerous	All criteria are equal-weighted in the average calculation except 2yr FCF Yield is excluded.
Neutral	All criteria are equal-weighted in the average calculation.
Attractive	All criteria are equal-weighted in the average calculation.
Very Attractive	All criteria are equal-weighted in the average calculation.

Economic vs Reported EPS

Ranks stocks based on how their Economic Earnings compare their Reported Earnings. Values based on Latest Fiscal Year.

Misleading Trend	Very Dangerous = negative and declining Economic Earnings despite positive and rising Reported Earnings
False Positive	Dangerous = same as above except Reported EPS are not positive or are not rising
Neutral EP	Neutral = Negative Economic and Reported Earnings
Positive EP	Attractive = Economic Earnings are positive
Rising EP	Very Attractive = Economic Earnings are positive and rising

Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)

Ranks stocks based on their ROIC. Values based on Latest Fiscal Year.

Bottom Quintile	Very Dangerous = in the bottom 20% of all companies
4th Quintile	Dangerous = in the bottom 40% of all companies
3rd Quintile	Neutral = in the middle 20% of all companies
2nd Quintile	Attractive = in the top 40% of all companies
Top Quintile	Very Attractive = in the top 20% of all companies

FCF Yield

Ranks stocks based on their Free Cash Flow Yield. Values based on Latest Closing Stock price and Latest Fiscal Year.

< -5%	Very Dangerous = less than or equal to -5%
-5% < -1%	Dangerous = more than -5% but less than or equal to -1%
-1% < 3%	Neutral = more than -1% but less than or equal to +3%
3% < 10%	Attractive = more than +3% but less than or equal to +10%
> 10%	Very Attractive = more than +10%

Price-to-EBV Ratio

Ranks stocks based on their Price-to-Economic Book Value Ratio. Values based on Latest Closing Stock price and Latest Fiscal Year.

> 3.5 or -1 > 0	Very Dangerous = greater than or equal to 3.5 or less than 0 but greater than -1
2.4 > 3.5 or < -1	Dangerous = greater than or equal to 2.4 but less than 3.5 and less than or equal to -1
1.6 > 2.4	Neutral = greater than or equal to 1.6 but less than 2.4
1.1 > 1.6	Attractive = greater than or equal to 1.1 but less than 1.6
0 > 1.1	Very Attractive = greater than or equal to 0 but less than 1.1

Growth Appreciation Period (yrs)

Ranks stocks based on their Market-Implied Growth Appreciation Period. Values based on Latest Closing Stock price and Default Forecast Scenario.

> 50	Very Dangerous = greater than or equal to 50 years
20 > 50	Dangerous = greater than or equal to 20 years but less than 50
10 > 20	Neutral = greater than or equal to 10 years but less than 20
3 > 10	Attractive = greater than or equal to 3 years but less than 10
0 > 3	Very Attractive = greater than or equal to 0 years but less than 3

Appendix 2: Economic Adjustments Summary

	-	-	2007	2008	2009
NOPAT Adjustments - Impact Analysis					
GAAP Net Income	-	-	\$10.33	(\$1,457.51)	(\$1,784.40)
Net Non-Operating Expense	-	-	\$110.19	\$2,000.23	\$1,911.61
Change in Total Reserves	-	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00
Goodwill Amortization	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
ESO Expense (Employee Stock Options)	-	-	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
Implied Interest for PV of Operating Leases	-	-	\$0.18	\$0.10	\$0.18
Non-Operating Taxes	-	-	(\$41.00)	(\$231.47)	(\$45.72)
After-tax Charge	-	-	\$39.89	\$17.09	\$11.07
After-tax Income	-	-	(\$0.28)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
NOPAT (Net Operating Profit After Tax)	-	-	\$119.31	\$328.44	\$92.74
Invested Capital Adjustments - Impact Analysis					
Reported Net Assets	-	-	\$3,364.46	\$3,268.97	\$2,566.78
Excess Cash	-	-	(\$49.59)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
Total Reserves	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Deferred Tax Liability	-	-	\$49.35	\$0.00	\$0.00
Unconsolidated Subsidiary Assets (non-operating)	-	-	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
Net Assets from Discontinued Operations	-	-	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
Off-Balance-Sheet Operating Leases	-	-	\$3.24	\$1.63	\$3.07
Accumulated Unrecorded Goodwill	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Accumulated Goodwill Amortization	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Cumulative Asset Write-Offs After Tax	-	-	\$0.13	\$1,685.50	\$3,411.53
Accumulated OCI (Other Comprehensive Income)	-	-	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
Invested Capital	-	-	\$3,367.59	\$4,956.09	\$5,981.38

Tools for Better Investment Performance

Appendix 3: Reconciling Net Income to Economic Earnings

			2009
NOPAT = Net Income with Adjustments as per below			
GAAP Net Income	\$10.33	(\$1,457.51)	(\$1,784.40)
Net Non-Operating Expense	110.2	2,000.2	1,911.6
As a % of Revenue	16.3%	169.3%	323.4%
Change in Total Reserves	-	0.0	0.0
As a % of Revenue	-	0.0%	0.0%
Goodwill Amortization	0.0	0.0	0.0
As a % of Revenue	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
ESO Expense (Employee Stock Options)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
As a % of Revenue -	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Implied Interest for PV of Operating Leases	0.2	0.1	0.2
As a % of Revenue	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Non-Operating Taxes	(41.0)	(231.5)	(45.7)
As a % of Revenue	(6.1%)	(19.6%)	(7.7%)
After-tax Charge	\$39.89	\$17.09	\$11.07
As a % of Revenue	5.9%	1.4%	1.9%
After-tax Income	(\$0.28)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
As a % of Revenue	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
NOPAT (Net Operating Profit After Tax)	\$119.31	\$328.44	\$92.74
Capital Charge = WACC * Invested Capital as detailed below			
	(315.1)	(247.9)	(211.1)
Capital Charge for Reported Net Assets	(46.5%)	(247.8) (21.0%)	(211.1) (35.7%)
Capital Charge for Excess Cash	(40.5 <i>%)</i> 4.6	0.0	(33.7%)
As a % of Revenue	4.0 0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Reserves Capital Charge	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(0.0)	(0.0%)
Deferred Tax Liability Capital Charge	(0.078)	(0.078)	(0.078)
As a % of Revenue	4.0 0.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Capital Charge for Unconsolidated Subsidiary Assets (non-operating)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Capital Charge for Net Assets from Discontinued Operations	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Off-Balance-Sheet Operating Leases Capital Charge	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.3)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Unrecorded Goodwill Capital Charge	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Accumulated Goodwill Amortization Capital Charge	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
Asset Write-Offs After Tax Capital Charge	(0.0)	(127.8)	(280.6)
As a % of Revenue	(0.0%)	(10.8%)	(47.5%)
Accumulated OCI Capital Charge	0.0	0.0	0.0
As a % of Revenue	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Invested Capital	\$3,367.59	\$4,956.09	\$5,981.38
			-
WACC * Invested Capital is the charge for capital deducted from NOPAT	ድንፈር ጋር	ゆうマニ マイ	¢400.04
Invested Capital * WACC	\$315.38	\$375.74	\$492.01
Economic Earnings = NOPAT minus Capital Charge			
Economic Profit	(196.1)	(47.3)	(399.3)
Economic Profit per Share	(\$1.80)	(\$0.30)	(\$2.28)
Basic EPS	\$0.09	(\$9.37)	(\$10.20)

Appendix 4: Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT) - Operating Approach

Operating Revenue - \$585.38 \$1,116.29 \$540.73 Nit Sales Revenue - 0.00 0.00 0.00 Genice Revenue - 7.22 4.72 2.39 Genice Revenue - 7.32 4.72 2.39 Gain on Sale (operating revenue) - 0.00 0.00 0.00 Commission Income - 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Commission Income - 0.00	-		-	2007	2008	2009
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Licensing Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 Service Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 Grain nosale (operating revenue) - - 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating revenue) - - 0.0 0.0 Other Revenue - - 16.9 18.3 26.4 Total Operating Revenue - - 550.00 \$0.00 0.00 Operating Income - - 50.00 \$0.00 0.00 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 4.4 1.4 1.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.00 Gain on Sale (operating neome) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Licensing Revenue - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - -	Net Sales Revenue	-	-	\$585.38	\$1,116.29	\$540.73
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Revenue from Company-Owned Life Insurance - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Revenue - - \$677.45 \$11,81.81 \$591.04 Operating Income - - \$60.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 Gain on Sale Objecontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Obter Income - - 85.10 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - -<		-	-			
Other Revenue - - 18.9 18.3 28.4 Total Operating Revenue - - 5677.45 \$1,181.81 \$591.04 Operating Income - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale of Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 4.4 1.4 1.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating income) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 820.44 \$345.86 \$247.97		-	-			
Total Operating Revenue - - \$677.45 \$1,181.81 \$591.04 Operating Income - - \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 Gain on Sale of Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 4.4 1.4 1.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating income) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - - 865.10 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$247.97 Cost of Sales Revenue - - \$200.44 \$278.78 Other Cost of Revenue		-	-			
Operating Income Income from Discontinued Operations (operating) - - \$0.00 \$0.00 Gain on Sale of Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating income) - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Licensing Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - \$242.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - 6		-	-			
Income from Discontinued Operations (operating) - - \$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 Gain on Sale of Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating income) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - - 565.10 5212.84 5145.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 9200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Licensing Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales Provision - - 8244.66 \$371.84 \$278.37 Gross Profit - - \$244.66 \$319.93 <t< td=""><td>Total Operating Revenue</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>\$677.45</td><td>\$1,181.81</td><td>\$591.04</td></t<>	Total Operating Revenue	-	-	\$677.45	\$1,181.81	\$591.04
Gain on Sale of Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries After-tax (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating income) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - - \$\$65.10 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Service Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Incoss frevine - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Grass Profit - \$432.80 \$869.97 \$312.18 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Operating Income					
Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries After-tax (operating) - 4.4 1.4 1.0 Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries After-tax (operating) - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cain on Sale (operating income) - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - 60.7 221.4 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Service Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Cost of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - -	Income from Discontinued Operations (operating)	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries Àfter-tax (operating - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gain on Sale (operating income) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - \$\$65.10 \$\$212.84 \$\$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$\$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Service Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cots of Service Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cher Cots of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - - 5244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - 5432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cocupancy and Equipment -	Gain on Sale of Discontinued Operations (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gain on Sale (operating income) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Income - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - - 565.10 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 8200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 44.2 26.2 30.9 Other Cost of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 66.78 \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation Ad-Montization -	Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)	-	-	4.4	1.4	1.0
Other Income - - 60.7 211.4 147.5 Total Operating Income - \$65.10 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Service Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - \$437.8 \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - 0.0 0.0 0.0	Income from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries After-tax (operating	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Operating Income - \$65.10 \$212.84 \$148.55 Operating Expenses and Adjustments - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales revice Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Sales - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cotal Cost of Sales - - 8244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 63.9% 68.5% \$2.8% General and Administrative - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cocupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cocupanc	Gain on Sale (operating income)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Operating Expenses and Adjustments Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Licensing Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Service Revenue - - 44.2 26.2 30.9 Other Cost of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - \$61.78 \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation Admontization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0		-	-	60.7	211.4	147.5
Cost of Sales - - \$200.44 \$345.66 \$247.97 Cost of Licensing Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Service Revenue - - 44.2 26.2 30.9 Other Cost of Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - \$63.9% \$68.5% \$2.8% General and Administrative - - \$100.26 \$339.7 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Total Operating Income	-	-	\$65.10	\$212.84	\$148.55
Cost of Licensing Revenue - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Cost of Service Revenue - 44.2 26.2 30.9 Other Cost of Revenue - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - \$63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 <t< td=""><td>Operating Expenses and Adjustments</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Operating Expenses and Adjustments					
Cost of Service Revenue - - 44.2 26.2 30.9 Other Cost of Revenue - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - 5244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - 5432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Ceneration and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 <td< td=""><td>Cost of Sales</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>\$200.44</td><td>\$345.66</td><td>\$247.97</td></td<>	Cost of Sales	-	-	\$200.44	\$345.66	\$247.97
Cost of Service Revenue - - 44.2 26.2 30.9 Other Cost of Revenue - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - 5244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - 5432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Ceneration and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 <td< td=""><td>Cost of Licensing Revenue</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td></td<>	Cost of Licensing Revenue	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Cost of Revenue - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Credit Loss Provision - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Gross Profit - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - \$63.9% \$68.5% \$52.8% General and Administrative - 661.78 \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - 2.27.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - 0.0 0.0	-	-	-	44.2	26.2	30.9
Credit Loss Provision - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - - \$61.78 \$109.37 \$100.26 General and Administrative - - - \$61.78 \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Other Cost of Revenue	-	-			
Total Cost of Sales - - \$244.66 \$371.84 \$278.87 Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.		-	-			
Gross Profit - - \$432.80 \$809.97 \$312.18 Gross Margin - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		-	_			
Gross Margin - - 63.9% 68.5% 52.8% General and Administrative - - \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Descent and Development Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 227.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0				•		
General and Administrative - - \$61.78 \$109.37 \$100.26 Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 GoodWill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td></t<>		-		•	•	•
Sales and Marketing - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 227.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0	0					
Occupancy and Equipment - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Research and Development Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 227.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0		-	-	•		
Research and Development Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 227.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0	-	-	-			
Depreciation and Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 227.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		-	-			
Energy Depreciation, Depletion, and Amortization - - 227.1 361.4 226.9 Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Operating Expense - - 0.0<		-	-			
Goodwill Amortization - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Insurance Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Operating		-	-			
Interest Expense (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Stock Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Compensation - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Loss on Sale (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Non-Income Taxes - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Property Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Energy Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating) - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Insurance Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0 Other Operating Expense - - 0.0 0.0 0.0		-	-			
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Other Compensation0.00.00.0Loss on Sale (operating)0.00.00.0Non-Income Taxes0.00.00.0Property Operating Expense0.00.00.0Energy Operating Expense19.630.64.0Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)0.00.00.0Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0		-	-			
Loss on Sale (operating)0.00.00.0Non-Income Taxes0.00.00.0Property Operating Expense0.00.00.0Energy Operating Expense19.630.64.0Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)0.00.00.0Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0	•	-	-			
Non-Income Taxes0.00.00.0Property Operating Expense0.00.00.0Energy Operating Expense19.630.64.0Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)0.00.00.0Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0		-	-			
Property Operating Expense-0.00.00.0Energy Operating Expense19.630.64.0Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)0.00.00.0Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0		-	-	0.0		
Energy Operating Expense-19.630.64.0Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)0.00.0Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0	Non-Income Taxes	-	-			0.0
Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)0.00.00.0Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0	Property Operating Expense	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)0.00.00.0Insurance Expense0.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0	Energy Operating Expense	-	-	19.6	30.6	4.0
Insurance Expense-0.00.00.0Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0	Losses from Discontinued Operations (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense-0.00.00.0Other Operating Expense0.00.00.0	Losses from Unconsolidated Subsidiaries (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Operating Expense - 0.0 0.0 0.0	Insurance Expense	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Operating Other Real Estate Owned Expense	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Operating Expense \$553.10 \$873.18 \$610.03	Other Operating Expense	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Total Operating Expense	-	-	\$553.10	\$873.18	\$610.03

New Constructs

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	-	-	2007	2008	2009
Net Operating Profit After-Tax (NOPAT) - Operating Approach (co	ntinued)				
Asset Write-Offs Included in Total Operating Expenses	-	-	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Non-operating Expenses Included in Total Operating Expense	-	-	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
ESO Expense (Employee Stock Options)	-	-	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
ESO Expense as a % of Revenue	-	-	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Adjusted Total Operating Expenses	-	-	\$552.90	\$873.18	\$610.03
EBIT	-	-	\$189.66	\$521.48	\$129.56
Goodwill Amortization	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
EBITA	-	-	\$189.66	\$521.48	\$129.56
Change in Total Reserves	-	-	-	0.0	0.0
Implied Interest for PV of Operating Leases	-	-	0.2	0.1	0.2
Capitalized Items Net Adjustment	-	-	\$0.18	\$0.10	\$0.18
NOPBT (Net Operating Profit Before Tax)	-	-	\$189.83	\$521.57	\$129.75
NOPBT Margin	-	-	28.0%	44.1%	22.0%
Taxes and Adjustments					
NOPBT (Net Operating Profit Before Tax)	-	-	\$189.83	\$521.57	\$129.75
Cash Tax Rate	-	-	37.2%	37.0%	28.5%
Cash Operating Taxes	-	-	\$70.53	\$193.14	\$37.01
NOPAT (Net Operating Profit After Tax)	-	-	\$119.31	\$328.44	\$92.74

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Appendix 5: Invested Capital - Operating Approach

	-	-	2007	2008	2009
Current Assets / Investment Assets					
Cash and Equivalents (non-operating)	-	-	\$63.14	\$0.64	\$7.86
Short-Term Investments (non-operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Long-Term Investments (non-operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Company Owned Life Insurance (non-operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Cash and Investments	-	-	\$63.14	\$0.64	\$7.86
Required Cash as % of Revenue	-	-	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Excess Cash	-	-	49.6	0.0	0.0
Required Cash	-	-	13.5	0.6	7.9
Cash and Equivalents (operating)	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Restricted Cash	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Available for Sale Securities (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Held to Maturity Securities (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Trading Securities (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Investment Securities (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accounts Receivable	-	-	114.8	109.1	105.5
Inventory	-	-	8.7	3.8	3.7
Prepaid Expenses	-	-	15.3	12.0	9.4
Current Deferred Costs	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current Deferred Taxes	-	-	1.8	0.0	0.0
LIFO Reserves	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Loan Loss Reserves	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Inventory Reserves	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Receivables	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Loans	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Loans Held for Sale	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Separate Accounts	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest-Bearing Deposits	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal Funds Sold and Securities Purchased for Resale	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Current or Investment Assets	-	-	22.7	230.3	129.5
Total Current Assets (adjusted)	-	-	\$176.87	\$355.91	\$255.96

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Tools for Better Investment Performance					00/19/2010
		-	2007	2008	2009
Invested Capital - Operating Approach (continued)					
Current Liabilities / Investment Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	-	-	\$154.42	\$302.41	\$134.21
Accrued Expenses	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accrued Compensation	-	-	15.7	20.7	18.3
Accrued Interest	-	-	24.2	26.8	31.4
Accrued Other Taxes	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Income Taxes Payable	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deferred Income Taxes	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accrued Restructuring Charges	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Current Deferred Revenue	-	-	5.8	18.2	5.0
Deposits	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Separate Accounts	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal Funds Purchased and Securities Loaned for Repurcha	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other NIBCL or Investment Liabilities	-	-	16.6	18.0	24.7
Investment Liabilities - Debt	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
NIBCL (Non-Interest-Bearing Current Liabilities)	-	-	\$216.76	\$386.09	\$213.54
Net Working Capital	-	-	(\$39.89)	(\$30.18)	\$42.42
Fixed Assets					
PPE (Property, Plant, and Equipment)	-	-	\$3,337.41	\$3,175.56	\$2,433.64
Net Goodwill	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Other Intangibles	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Combined Intangibles	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Restricted Cash	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deferred Tax Assets	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Prepaid Expenses	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deferred Costs	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Deposits	-	-	31.7	32.8	32.9
Receivables	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Company Owned Life Insurance (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Discontinued Operations (operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unconsolidated Subsidiary Assets (operating)	-	-	8.0	6.1	0.0
Other Real Estate Owned	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Fixed Assets	-	-	27.1	84.7	57.8
Off-Balance-Sheet Operating Leases	-	-	3.2	1.6	3.1
Cumulative Asset Write-Offs After Tax	-	-	0.1	1,685.5	3,411.5
Accumulated Unrecorded Goodwill	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accumulated Goodwill Amortization	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
Accumulated OCI (Other Comprehensive Income)	-	-	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Total Adjusted Fixed Assets	-	-	\$3,407.48	\$4,986.27	\$5,938.96
Invested Capital	-	-	\$3,367.59	\$4,956.09	\$5,981.38

Appendix 6: WACC (Weighted Average Cost of Capital)

	-	-	2007	2008	2009	Current
Cost of Equity Capital according to the Capital Asset	Pricing Model	(CAPM)				
Risk-Free Rate (10-yr Treasury)	-	-	4.63%	3.67%	3.26%	3.50%
Beta Adjusted	-	-	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53
Expected Market Return	-	-	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%
Equity Risk Premium	-	-	3.87%	4.83%	5.24%	5.00%
Cost of Equity	-	-	10.55%	11.05%	11.27%	11.14%
Market Value of Basic Equity	-	-	\$5,034.42	\$1,021.18	\$1,968.18	\$946.86
Equity Per Total Adjusted Capital	-	-	76.79%	30.05%	43.25%	26.83%
Weighted Cost of Equity Capital	-	-	8.10%	3.32%	4.88%	2.99%
Cost of Debt Capital						
Risk-Free Rate (10-yr Treasury)	-	-	4.63%	3.67%	3.26%	3.50%
Debt Spread Adjusted	-	-	4.05%	6.00%	5.00%	7.00%
Cash Tax Rate	-	-	37.15%	37.03%	28.52%	28.52%
Cost of Debt After Tax	-	-	5.46%	6.09%	5.90%	7.51%
Adjusted Total Debt	-	-	1,521.6	2,376.9	2,582.0	2,581.9
Debt Per Total Adjusted Capital	-	-	23.21%	69.95%	56.75%	73.17%
Weighted Cost of Debt After Tax	-	-	1.27%	4.26%	3.35%	5.49%
Cost of Preferred Capital						
Preferred Dividends	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$8.81	\$8.81
Preferred Capital	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cost of Preferred Capital	-	-	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%
WACC (Weighted Average Cost of Capital)	-	-	9.37%	7.58%	8.23%	8.48%

2007

-

Appendix 7: Key Economic Metrics Summary

Values in millions except per share amounts

			2007	2008	2009	Current
Economic Book Value (EBV)						
Economic Book Value (EBV) Per Share	-	-	(\$1.44)	\$11.77	(\$7.02)	(\$7.12)
Stock Price (closing)	-	-	\$35.86	\$6.15	\$9.43	\$4.50
Economic Book Value (EBV)	-	-	(\$202.73)	\$1,955.16	(\$1,464.63)	(\$1,498.21)
PEBV (Price to Economic Book Value) per Share	-	-	(24.83)	0.52	(1.34)	(0.63)
Price to Accounting Book Value	-	-	2.23	1.21	(8.01)	(3.82)
Price to Unlevered NOPAT per Share	-	-	42.20	3.11	21.22	10.21
P/E (Price/Earnings Multiple)	-	-	381.89	(0.66)	(0.92)	(0.44)
Components of Economic Book Value						
NOPAT (Net Operating Profit After Tax)	-	-	\$119.31	\$328.44	\$92.74	\$92.77
WACC (Weighted Average Cost of Capital)	-	-	9.37%	7.58%	8.23%	8.48%
Excess Cash	-	-	49.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adjusted Net Assets from Discontinued Operations	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unconsolidated Subsidiary Assets (non-operating)	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adjusted Total Debt	-	-	\$1,521.60	\$2,376.95	\$2,582.01	\$2,581.94
Preferred Capital	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minority Interests	-	-	4.7	0.0	10.1	10.1
Pensions Net Funded Status	-	-	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Value of Outstanding ESO After Tax	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)

ROIC derived from prime components (NOPAT Margins *	Invested Capita	al Turns)			
NOPAT Margin	-	-	17.6%	27.8%	15.7%
Invested Capital Turns	-	-	0.20	0.24	0.10
ROIC (Return On Invested Capital)	-	-	3.5%	6.6%	1.6%
WACC (Weighted Average Cost of Capital)	-	-	9.37%	7.58%	8.23%
Change in ROIC	-	-	-	3.1%	(5.1%)
Incremental Return on Capital	-	-	-	-	(14.8%)
Return on Equity	-	-	0.6%	(183.7%)	866.4%

Economic Profit (EP) and Free Cash Flow (FCF)

Economic Profit Margin (ROIC - WACC)	-	-	(5.8%)	(1.0%)	(6.7%)
Economic Profit	-	-	(196.1)	(47.3)	(399.3)
GAAP Net Income	-	-	\$10.33	(\$1,457.51)	(\$1,784.40)
Change in Economic Profit	-	-	-	\$148.77	(\$351.97)
Economic Profit per Share	-	-	(\$1.80)	(\$0.30)	(\$2.28)
Economic Profit per Share Growth	-	-	-	(83.1%)	650.6%
FCF (Free Cash Flow)	-	-	-	(\$1,260.07)	(\$932.55)
FCF as a % of Invested Capital	-	-	-	(25.4%)	(15.6%)
FCF as a % of Total Revenue	-	-	-	(106.6%)	(157.8%)
Diluted GAAP EPS	-	-	\$0.09	(\$9.37)	(\$10.20)
Diluted GAAP EPS Growth	-	-	-	(10,074.2%)	8.9%
Basic EPS	-	-	\$0.09	(\$9.37)	(\$10.20)
Basic EPS Growth	-	-	-	(9,964.2%)	8.9%
Unlevered NOPAT Per Share	-	-	\$1.10	\$2.11	\$0.53
Unlevered NOPAT Per Share Growth	-	-	-	92.5%	(74.9%)

2009

2008

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Appendix 8: DCF Forecast Drivers Summary

	Histor	ical	DCF Forecast Drivers										
-	- 2007	2008	2009	EY 1	EY 2	EY 3	EY 4	EY 6	EY 11	EY 16	EY 21	EY 26	EY 51
Total Operating Revenue Growth													
-		74.4%	(50.0%)	86.6%	25.6%	20.0%	12.0%	10.0%	8.0%	7.0%	6.5%	6.5%	6.0%
NOPBT M	largin												
-	- 28.0	% 44.1%	22.0%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%	30.4%
Cash Tax	Rate												
-	- 37.2	% 37.0%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%	28.5%
Net Work	ing Capital D	elta as % o	of Revenu	e Delta									
-		1.9%	(12.3%)	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Fixed Adj	justed Asset	s Delta as ^o	% of Reve	enue Del	ta								
-		313.0%	(161.3%)	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%	200.0%

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